

Amendments to the Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A computer-implemented method of structural content filtration to reduce the number of hypotheses for the location of an active object in a recorded image generated by a graphical user interface (GUI) of an application program comprising:

executing a playback component on a first processor of a first processing system, wherein the playback component is adapted to perform image analysis on images displayed on a graphical user interface as a result of processing simulated user input data during a playback phase of execution of an application program, and wherein the playback component is further adapted to analyze captured displayed images recorded during a recording phase of execution of the application program on a second processor of a second processing system, and wherein the playback component is further adapted to reduce a number of hypotheses for a location of an active object in a recorded image generated by the graphical user interface by

transforming the recorded image and a corresponding playback image;

determining a sub-image from the transformed recorded image which corresponds to an object to be searched for in the transformed playback image;

determining a subset [[set]] of points on the transformed playback image which have appropriate values for matching the sub-image; and

filtering hypotheses on the playback image which are more than a selected distance from any one of the subset of points.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein transforming the recorded image and the corresponding playback image comprises changing color values of pixels in the images into at least one of black and white pixels.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the object comprises a non-textual object.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the filtered hypotheses are incorrect hypotheses for the active object.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein a hypothesis comprises a contour of an object on the playback image which corresponds to a contour of an object on the recorded image.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein filtering hypotheses comprises rejecting a hypothesis if the contour of the hypothesis does not have an intersection with any rectangle having a top left corner at a point of the subset of points and a predetermined width and height.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein filtering hypotheses comprises rejecting a hypothesis if the distance between one of points in the subset of points and a contour of the hypothesis is greater than a predetermined distance.

8. (Currently Amended) An article comprising: a machine accessible tangible storage medium containing instructions, which when executed, ~~result in structural content filtration to reduce the number of hypotheses for the location of an active object in a recorded image generated by a graphical user interface (GUI) of an application program by~~

~~execute a playback component on a first processor of a first processing system, wherein the playback component is adapted to perform image analysis on images displayed on a graphical user interface as a result of processing simulated user input data during a playback phase of execution of an application program, and wherein the playback component is further adapted to analyze captured displayed images recorded during a recording phase of execution of the application program on a second processor of a second processing system, and wherein the playback component is further adapted to reduce a number of hypotheses for a location of an active object in a recorded image generated by the graphical user interface by~~

transforming the recorded image and a corresponding playback image;

determining a sub-image from the transformed recorded image which corresponds to an object to be searched for in the transformed playback image;

determining a subset [[set]] of points on the transformed playback image which have appropriate values for matching the sub-image; and

filtering hypotheses on the playback image which are more than a selected distance from any one of the subset of points.

9. (Original) The article of claim 8, wherein instructions to transform the recorded image and the corresponding playback image comprise instructions to change color values of pixels in the images into at least one of black and white pixels.

10. (Original) The article of claim 8, wherein the object comprises a non-textual object.

11. (Original) The article of claim 8, wherein the filtered hypotheses are incorrect hypotheses for the active object.

12. (Original) The article of claim 8, wherein a hypothesis comprises a contour of an object on the playback image which corresponds to a contour of an object on the recorded image.

13. (Original) The article of claim 8, wherein instructions to filter hypotheses comprise instructions to reject a hypothesis if the contour of the hypothesis does not have an intersection with any rectangle having a top left corner at a point of the subset of points and a predetermined width and height.

14. (Original) The article of claim 8, wherein instructions to filter hypotheses comprise instructions to reject a hypothesis if the distance between one of points in the subset of points and a contour of the hypothesis is greater than a predetermined distance.

15. (Currently Amended) A cognitive control framework system for automatically controlling execution of an application program having a graphical user interface comprising:

a recording component adapted to capture user input data and images displayed by the graphical user interface during a recording phase of execution of the application program, and to analyze the captured user input data and displayed images to generate an execution scenario during the recording phase; and

a playback component adapted to perform image analysis on images displayed by the graphical user interface as a result of processing the simulated user input data during the

playback phase and captured displayed images from the recording phase, the playback component being adapted to reduce the number of hypotheses for the location of an active object in a recorded image generated by the graphical user interface by

transforming the recorded image and a corresponding playback image;

determining a sub-image from the transformed recorded image which corresponds to an object to be searched for in the transformed playback image;

determining a subset [[set]] of points on the transformed playback image which have appropriate values for matching the sub-image; and

filtering hypotheses on the playback image which are more than a selected distance from any one of the subset of points.

16. (Original) The system of claim 15, wherein transforming the recorded image and the corresponding playback image comprises changing color values of pixels in the images into at least one of black and white pixels.

17. (Original) The system of claim 15, wherein the object comprises a non-textual object.

18. (Original) The system of claim 15, wherein the filtered hypotheses are incorrect hypotheses for the active object.

19. (Original) The system of claim 15, wherein a hypothesis comprises a contour of an object on the playback image which corresponds to a contour of an object on the recorded image.

20. (Original) The system of claim 15, wherein filtering hypotheses comprises rejecting a hypothesis if the contour of the hypothesis does not have an intersection with any rectangle having a top left corner at a point of the subset of points and a predetermined width and height.

21. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein filtering hypotheses comprises rejecting a hypothesis if the distance between one of points in the subset of points and a contour of the hypothesis is greater than a predetermined distance.

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